

<b>Weed (Scientific name)</b>	<b>Celtis sinensis - Ulmaceae</b>		
<b>Region</b>	<b>Sydney</b>		
<b>Management Area</b>	<b>Sydney</b>		
<b>Landuse</b>	<b>1. CONSERVATION AND NATURAL ENVIRONMENTS</b>		
<b>Assumptions</b>			
<b><i>Invasiveness</i></b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Total</b>	
<b>Q1. What is the ability of the weed to establish amongst existing plants?</b>		<b>3.0</b>	Seedlings establish within dense vegetation or weeds Q1
<b>Q2. What is the weed's tolerance to average weed management practices in the land use?</b>		<b>2.0</b>	Between 50 and 95% of weeds survive Q2
<b>Q3. What is the reproductive ability of the weed in the land use?</b>		<b>1.0</b>	
(a) Time to seeding	0.0		>3 yrs/never Q3
(b) Annual seed production	2.0		High
(c) Vegetative reproduction	0.0		None
<b>Q4. How likely is long-distance dispersal (&gt;100m) by natural means?</b>		<b>2.0</b>	
(a) Flying animals	2.0		Common Q4
(b) Other wild animals	0.0		Unlikely
(c) Water	2.0		Common
(d) Wind	0.0		Unlikely
<b>Q5. How likely is long-distance dispersal (&gt;100 m) by human means?</b>		<b>2.0</b>	
(a) Deliberate spread by people	2.0		Common Q5
(b) Accidentally by people and vehicles	2.0		Common
(c) Contaminated produce	0.0		Unlikely
(d) Domestic/farm animals	0.0		Unlikely
<b>Total</b>		<b>6.7</b>	

<b>Impacts</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Total</b>		
Q1. Does the weed reduce the establishment of desired plants?		<b>3.0</b>	> 50% reduction	Q1
Q2. Does the weed reduce the yield or amount of desired vegetation?		<b>4.0</b>	> 50% reduction	Q2
Q3. Does the weed reduce the quality of products, diversity or services available from the land use?		<b>2.0</b>	Medium	Q3
Q4. What is the weed's potential to restrict the physical movement of people, animals, vehicles, machinery and/or water?		<b>2.0</b>	Medium	Q4
Q5. What is the weed's potential to negatively affect the health of animals and/or people?		<b>0.0</b>	None	Q5
Q6. Does the weed have major positive or negative effects on environmental health?		<b>2.0</b>		Q6
(a) food/shelter	1.0		Major negative effect	
(b) fire regime	1.0		Major negative effect	
(c) altered nutrient levels	0.0		Minor or no effect	
(d) soil salinity	0.0		Minor or no effect	
(e) soil stability	0.0		Minor or no effect	
(f) soil water table	0.0		Minor or no effect	
<b>Total</b>		<b>6.8</b>		
<b>Potential Distribution</b>				
Q1. Within the geographic area being considered, what is the percentage area of land use that is suitable for the weed?		<b>6.0</b>	40-60% of land use	Q1
<b>Comparative weed risk score</b>		<b>274</b>		
<b>Weed risk category</b>		<b>Very high</b>		

<b>Control Costs</b>		<b>Score</b>	<b>Total</b>	
<b>Q1. How detectable is the weed?</b>			<b>2</b>	Q1
(a) Distinguishing features	1		sometimes distinct	
(b) Period of year shoot growth visible	1		4-8 months	
(c) Height at maturity	0		> 2 m	
(d) Pre-reproductive height in relation to other vegetation	2		below canopy	
<b>Q2. What is the general accessibility of known infestations at the optimum time of treatment?</b>			<b>0</b>	Q2
			high	
<b>Q3. How expensive is management of the weed in the first year of targeted control?</b>			<b>4</b>	Q3
(a) Chemical costs/ha	3		high (\$250-\$500/ha)	
(b) Labour costs/ha	4		very high (>\$500/ha)	
(c) Equipment costs	1		low	
<b>Q4. What is the likely level of participation from landholders/volunteers within the land use at risk?</b>			<b>0.0</b>	Q4
			high	
<b>Total</b>			<b>5.0</b>	
<b>Persistence</b>		<b>Score</b>	<b>Total</b>	
<b>Q1. How effective are targeted management treatments applied to infestations of the weed?</b>			<b>1</b>	Q1
			high	
<b>Q2. What is the minimum time period for reproduction of sexual or vegetative propagules?</b>			<b>0</b>	Q2
			>2 years	
<b>Q3. What is the maximum longevity of sexual or vegetative propagules?</b>			<b>?</b>	Q3
			do not know	
<b>Q4. How likely are new propagules to continue to arrive at control sites, or to start new infestations?</b>			<b>2.0</b>	Q4
(a) Long-distance (>100m) dispersal by natural means	2		frequent	
(b) Long-distance (>100m) dispersal by human means	1		occasional	
<b>Total</b>			<b>3.6</b>	
<b>Current distribution</b>				
<b>Q1. What percentage area of the land use in the geographical area is currently infested by the weed?</b>			<b>0.5</b>	Q1
			1-5% of land use	
<b>Q2. What is the number of infestations, and weed distribution within the geographic area being considered?</b>			<b>1.0</b>	Q2
			scattered	
<b>Total</b>			<b>1.3</b>	
<b>Comparative feasibility of coordinated control score</b>			<b>23</b>	
<b>Feasibility of coordinated control category</b>			<b>High</b>	

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Management priority category</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Calculation of overall uncertainty score</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Response</b></p>	<p>Destroy infestations</p> <p>3%</p> <p><b>Submit Assessment</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Positive Impacts</b></p>	
<p><b>References/Other comments</b></p>	

Re: Sources: Many questions were answered as a group by: A MacKenzie & L McGee - Sydney Central WC, N Booth, D Simmons & M Costigan Sydney West/Blue Mountains WC, and M

**Source and comments**

pers. obs. SS

see below

[http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm) pers. obs.  
SS

[http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm) pers. obs. SS

Street tree plantings! SS

Forms dense infestations and prevents regeneration of native riparian vegetation .  
[http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm)

Can form dense infestations. SS

Destroys habitats of native animals. [http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm) Level of effect depends on vegetation community it is invading.

Deciduous. [http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm)

pers. obs. SS

[http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790\\_7228.htm](http://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/4790_7228.htm)

Higher densities currently in inner west and north shore with likelihood of becoming more widespread in western and southern Sydney.

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Springall NPWS, with the assistance of Sue Stevens.